CITY OF SULLIVAN CITY AUDITED ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

City of Sullivan City Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

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City of Sullivan City Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Principal Officials

MAYOR

Rosendo "Cheno" Benavides

CITY COMMISSION

Leonel "Leo" Garcia – Mayor Pro-Tem
Daniel Flores – Commissioner
Joel Flores – Commissioner
Adriana Rodriguez – Commissioner

OTHER OFFICIALS



Certified Public Accountants

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Oscar R. González Melissa González

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Sullivan City, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sullivan City, Texas (The City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sullivan City, Texas, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed on the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial

statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Sullivan City, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Sullivan City, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Oscar R. Gonzalez, CPA & Associates, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Pharr, Texas June 27, 2018



As management of the City of Sullivan City, Texas (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Sullivan City, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City's assets from governmental activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by over \$1,089,904 compared to \$1,642,743 in the prior year.
- The City's total net position increased by \$652,928
- Unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$547,407 for 2017 and \$546,251 for 2016 respectively.
- The General Fund ended the year with a positive fund balance of \$591,546

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the differences between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, drainage, health and welfare, and culture and recreation. The government-wide financial statements include itself (known as primary government). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report. The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself, but also its legally component unit Economic Development Corporation and Crime Prevention for which the city is financially accountable.

Fund financial statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds with the exception of grant funded special revenue funds and capital projects funds, if any.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 20 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The City would normally report the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the city) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities. The City does not report an enterprise fund.

Notes to financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 32 of this report.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,089,904 and \$1,642,743 for 2017 and 2016 as adjusted, respectively, for governmental activities. One of the largest portions of the City's net position (33 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land building, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The City's Statement of Net Position along with the last fiscal year's numbers are presented for comparison in the table below.

Government	

	Acti	vities	Tot	Totals			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	(Decrease)		
Current Assets	\$1,745,025	\$2,178,299	\$1,745,025	\$2,178,299	\$(433,274)		
Non-Current Asets	1,176,351	589,160	1,176,351	589,160	587,191		
Total Assets	2,921,376	2,767,459	2,921,376	2,767,459	153,917		
Aggregate Deferred							
Outflows of Resources	-	-	-	-	-		
Current Liabilities	661,219	1,038,077	661,219	1,038,077	(376,858)		
Non-Current Liabilities	45,049	86,639	45,049	86,639	(41,590)		
Total Liabilities	706,268	1,124,716	706,268	1,124,716	(418,448)		
Aggregate Deferred							
Inflows of Resources							
Net Invested in							
Capital Assets	1,188,560	548,751	1,188,560	548,751	639,809		
Restricted	53,959	40,840	53,959	40,840	13,119		
Unrestricted	1,053,152	1,053,152	1,053,152	1,053,152			
Total Net Position	\$2,295,671	\$1,642,743	\$2,295,671	\$1,642,743	\$ 652,928		

The City's overall net position increased by \$652,928 during the current fiscal year. This is mainly due to an increase in the property tax rate which raised property tax revenue by 12.8%.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$857,788 Governmental

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	Acti	vities	To	Increase		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	(Decrease)	
Revenues						
<u>Program Revenues</u>						
Charges for Services	\$ 876,410	\$ 876,410	\$ 876,410	\$ 876,410	\$ -	
Oeprating Grants	26,744	26,744	26,744	26,744	-	
Capital Grants	532,305	28,215	532,305	28,215	504,090	
General Revenues						
Property Tax	435,852	413,529	435,852	413,529	22,323	
Sales Tax	269,783	265,596	269,783	265,596	4,187	
Other Tax	96,597	96,623	96,597	96,623	(26)	
Other Revenues	90,088	90,088	90,088	90,088		
Total Revenues	\$2,327,779	\$1,797,205	\$2,327,779	\$1,797,205	\$ 530,574	
Expenses		_				
General Government	\$ 754,328	\$ 580,647	\$ 754,328	\$ 580,647		
Public Safety	656,640	693,127	656,640	693,127	(36,487)	
Culture & Recreation	6,000	1,790	6,000	1,790	4,210	
Economic Development	56,024	52,757	56,024	52,757	3,267	
Total Expenses	1,472,992	1,328,321	1,472,992	1,328,321	144,671	
Non-Operating Transfers (Net)	-	-	-	-		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	854,788	468,885	854,788	468,885	385,903	
Net Position - Beginning	1,173,858	1,173,858	1,173,858	1,173,858		
Net Position - Ending	\$2,028,646	\$1,642,743	\$2,028,646	\$1,642,743	\$ 385,903	

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds- The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a Government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund had a balance of \$546,251 and the Special Revenue Fund (Economic Development Corporation and Crime Prevention) had a fund balance of \$44,135 and \$(3,295) of which all is restricted.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenues for the year exceeded actual expenditures by \$402,776. Actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$261,476 while actual expenditures did not exceed appropriations by \$141,300.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City of Sullivan City's investments in capital assets for its governmental activities amount to \$1,176,351 and \$589,160 (net of accumulated depreciation) for 2017 and 2016. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, construction in progress and machinery and equipment. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governr	nental			
	Activi	ities	Tota	ıls	Increase
	2017	2016	2017	2016	(Decrease)
Capital Assets, Not Being					
Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 34,726	\$ 34,726	\$ 34,726	\$ 34,726	\$ -
Construction-In-Progress	983,016	450,711	983,016	450,711	532,305
	1,017,742	485,437	1,017,742	485,437	·
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	9,422	9,422	9,422	9,422	-
Machinery & Equipment	335,964	241,414	335,964	241,414	94,550
	345,386	250,836	345,386	250,836	94,550
Accumulated Deprecation	(186,777)	(147,113)	(186,777)	(147,113)	(39,664)
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated, Net	158,609	103,723	158,609	103,723	54,886
Capital Asssets, Net	\$1,176,351	\$589,160	\$1,176,351	\$589,160	\$ 587,191

Long-Term Debt

Below is a table summarizing the long term debt of the City.

City of Sullivan City Long-Term Obligations

Governmental

	Acti	vities	To	Increase		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	(Decrease)	
Long-Term Obligations						
Capital Leases	\$ 62,298	\$ 40,410	\$ 62,298	\$ 40,410	\$ 21,888	
Note Payables		77,451		77,451	(77,451)	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 62,298	\$ 117,861	\$ 62,298	\$ 117,861	\$ (55,563)	

Additional information on the City's debt service can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget And Rates

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year end 2017 budget.

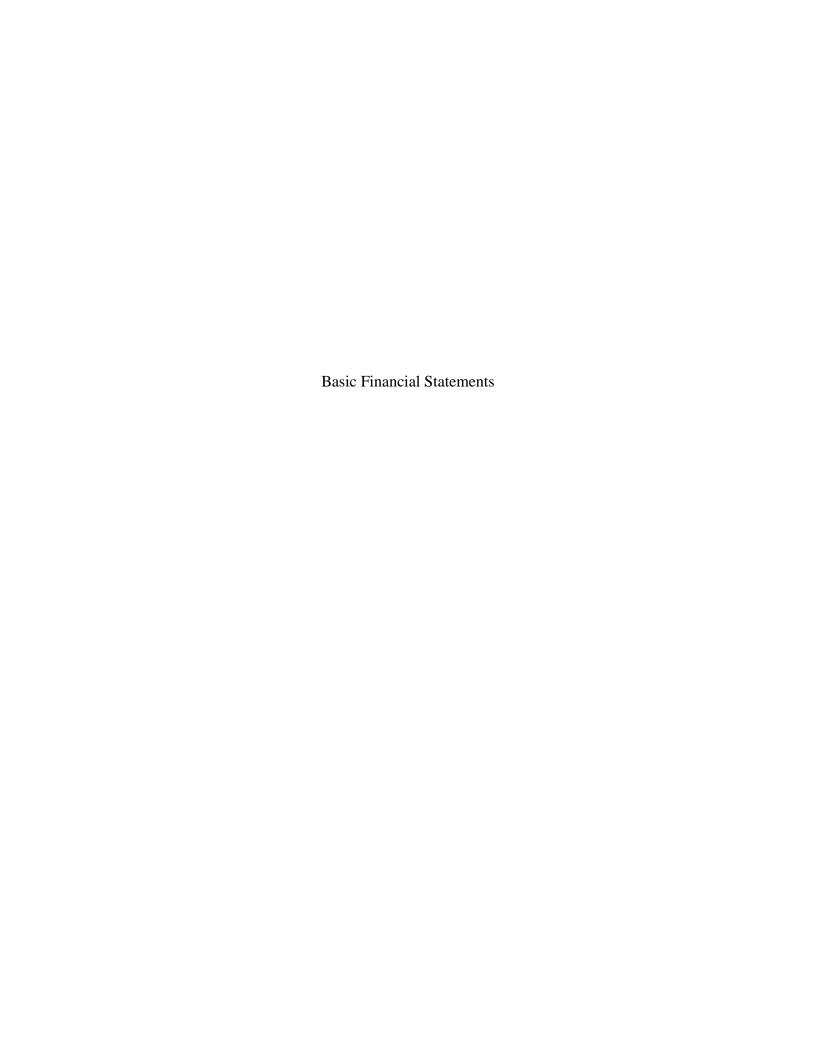
- The ad valorem property tax rate was set at \$0.4606 to generate the revenues necessary for the operation of the City. This tax rate should reduce total property taxes than last year's budget by \$5,514 (1.32%).
- General operating fund spending budget for 2017 was prepared based on history of actual definite revenues and essential expenses to operate.
- The budget provides for medical insurance for all employees, changing Code Enforcement Position from part-time to full-time, a small salary increase for all employees, as well as a deposit for a rainy day fund.

Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$1.6 thousand, down \$100,000 compared to \$1.7 thousand for the 2017 budget. Ad Valorem taxes, sales tax payments, franchise taxes, and grant revenues account for a significant portion of the revenues. Budgeted expenditures are expected not to rise beyond \$1.6 million in 2017.

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary general fund balance is expected to remain constant by the close of 2017.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or the component unit (EDC) should be addressed to the Office of the City of Sullivan City, City Manager: P.O. Box 249, Sullivan City, Texas 78595.



City of Sullivan City, Texas Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017

	Primary Government					
		vernmental Activities		Total		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	529,875	\$	529,875		
Grants Receivable		35,232		35,232		
Property Taxes Receivable (Net)		202,358		202,358		
Sales Taxes Receivable		77,312		77,312		
Warrants Receivable		343,407		343,407		
Urban County Receivable		556,841		556,841		
Land		34,726		34,726		
Construction In Progress		983,016		983,016		
Buildings and Equipment (Net)		158,609		158,609		
Total Assets	<u> </u>	2,921,376		2,921,376		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		
Aggregated deferred outflows						
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources						
LIABILITIES						
Account Payable		61,958		61,958		
Payroll Liabilities		25,171		25,171		
Deferred Revenues - Urban County		556,841		556,841		
Due Within One Year		17,249		17,249		
Due in More Than One Year		45,049		45,049		
Total Liabilities		706,268		706,268		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Aggregated deferred inflows						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						
NET POSITION						
Inv. in fixed assets net of rel. debt		1,114,053		1,114,053		
Restricted for:						
Restricted for Crime Control		1,108		1,108		
Restricted for Economic Development		53,959		53,959.10		
Unrestricted		1,101,055		1,101,055		
Total Net Position	\$	2,270,175	\$	2,270,175		

City of Sullivan City, Texas Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

				Program Revenues			ues			Net (Expe	nse) Rev	enue
Functions/Programs Expe									_	Primary	Governn	ient
		Expenses	. <u>-</u>	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		_	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Total
Primary Government												
Governmental Activities:												
General Government	\$	717,432	\$	302,685	\$	15,658	\$	37,537	\$	(361,551)	\$	(361,551)
Public Safety		619,895		333,865		-		-		(286,031)		(286,031)
Culture and Recreation		6,000		-		-		-		(6,000)		(6,000)
Economic Development		56,024		-		-		-		(56,024)		(56,024)
Urban County		-		-		-		532,305		532,305		532,305
Total Governmental Activities		1,399,351		636,550		15,658		569,842		(177,301)		(177,301)
Total Primary Government	\$	1,399,351	\$	636,550	\$	15,658	\$	569,842	\$	(177,301)	\$	(177,301)
					Comonal	D D		. d Tromofonos	=			
					Revenues	Purpose Revenu	ies ai	nd Transfers:				
					Property					427,690		427,690
					Sales Tax					269,783		269,783
					Franchise					96,597		96,597
					Other Rev					29,586		29,586
							c and	Transfors		823,656	-	823,656
				Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Position				_	646,355		646,355	
					_	ion at Beginning		ariod		1,642,743		1,642,743
						ion ai Beginning iod Adjustment	Oj I t	riou		(73,991)		(73,991)
						ion at End of Pe	riod		\$	2,215,108	\$	2,215,108

City of Sullivan City, Texas Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2017

			Speical Revenue					
	General			livan City nomic Devel Corp	c Devel Crime Control &			Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	493,673	\$	32,191	\$	4,011	\$	529,875
Property Taxes Receivable		202,358		-		-		202,358
Grants Receivable		35,232		-		-		35,232
Due From Other Governments		556,840		-		-		556,840
Sales Taxes Receivable		54,413		11,372		11,527		77,312
Warrants Receivable		343,407		-		-		343,407
Due From Other Funds		27,140		11,997		181		39,318
Total Assets		1,713,063		55,560		15,719	-	1,784,342
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Aggregated deferred outflows		_		-		-		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,713,063	\$	55,560	\$	15,719	\$	1,784,342
LIABILITIES								
Account Payable	\$	73,109	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,109
Payroll Liabilities		25,171		-		-		25,171
Deferred Revenues - Ubran County		556,840		-		-		556,840
Due to other funds		12,178		12,529		14,611		39,318
Total Liabilities		667,298		_		-	-	694,438
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Revenues - Property Taxes		154,951		-		_		154,951
Deferred Revenues - Warrants		343,407		-		_		343,407
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,165,656		12,529		14,611		1,192,796
FUND BALANCE		<u> </u>			-	·	-	<u> </u>
Restricted		_		43,031		1,108	-	44,139
Unassigned		547,407		, -		_		547,407
Total Fund Balance		547,407		43,031		1,108		591,546
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and	-		•	- ,		,	-	,
Fund Balance	\$	1,713,063	\$	55,560	\$	15,719	-	1,784,342

City of Sullivan City, Texas Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 591,546
Principal payments on long-term expenses in governmental fund statements, expensed as incurred in entity wide statements, and reflected as liability on Statement of Assets.	17,249
Depreciation expense reflected in entity wide statements, not reflected in governmental fund statements.	(39,644)
Fixed assets are capitalized in Statement of Net Assets and depreciated in the Statement of Activities. These are expensed when acquired in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.	589,160
Long term debt reflected on Statement of Net Assets not in governmental funds balance sheet.	(79,547)
Fixed assets expenses as capital outlay in governmental fund statements, capitalized as fixed assets in Statement of Net Assets.	637,987
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	154,951
Warrants receivable that are not collected until after the fiscal year end are deferred in the funds.	343,407
Total Net Position-Governmental Funds	\$ 2,215,108

City of Sullivan City, Texas Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	General	Econo	ivan City omic Devel Corp	Pr	e Control & evention District	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$ 435,852	\$	-	\$	-	\$	435,852
Sales Taxes	137,692		65,848		66,243		269,783
Franchises Taxes	96,597		-		-		96,597
Grant/Intergovernmental Revenues	585,498		-		-		585,498
Permits and Fees	302,685		-		-		302,685
Fines and Forfeitures	333,865		-		-		333,865
Other Revenues	29,586		-		-		29,586
Total Revenues	1,921,775		65,848		66,243		2,053,866
Expenditures							
General Government	754,328		-		-		754,328
Public Safety	594,800		-		61,840		656,640
Culture and Recreation	6,000		-		-		6,000
Economic Development	-		56,024		-		56,024
Debt - Principal	17,249		-		-		17,249
Urban County	532,305		=		=		532,305
Total Expenditures	1,904,682		56,024		61,840		2,022,546
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	 17,092		9,824		4,403		31,320
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	40,092		-		-		40,092
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	40,092		-		=		40,092
Net Change in Fund Balance	57,184		9,824		4,403		71,412
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	546,251		44,135		(3,295)		587,091
Prior Period	 (66,957)						(66,957)
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 536,478	\$	53,959	\$	1,108	\$	591,546

City of Sullivan City, Texas Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance with Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 71,412
Principal payments on long-term expenses in governmental fund statements, expensed as incurred in entity wide statements, and reflected as liability on Statement of Assets.	17,249
Depreciation expense reflected in entity wide statements, not reflected in governmental fund statements.	(39,664)
Fixed assets expenses as capital outlay in governmental fund statements, capitalized as fixed assets in Statement of Net Assets.	550,711
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	(8,162)
Changes in Net Position-Governmental Funds	\$ 591,546



I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General Statement

CITY OF SULLIVAN CITY (the "City") was incorporated on April 15, 1972, under Article XI, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Texas. The City operates under a Mayor-Commissioner from of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter. The services include public safety (police and fire), public works, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvement, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The combined financial statements of the City of Sullivan City, Texas (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles applicable to governmental units which are generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard settling body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's basic financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The City evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", include whether:

- The organization is legally separate
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority to the organization's board
- The city is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization of the City
- The exclusion of the organization would result in misleading or incomplete financial statements

The City also evaluated each legally separate, tax – exempt organization whose resources are used principally to provide support to the City to determine if its omission from the reporting entity would result in financial statements that are misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion of such an organization as a component unit when: 1) The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the City, its component units, or its constituents; and 2) The City or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization; and 3) such economic resources are significant to the City.

Based on these criteria the City has no component unit. Additionally, the City is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB Statement

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the City's non-fiduciary activities with most of the inter-fund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, State Funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the City operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the City.

The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the City to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the City's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Assets and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Assets. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and enterprise funds remain on the governmental-wide statements and appear on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as internal balances and on the Statement of Activities as interfund transfers. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for City operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The City considers some governmental and enterprise funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increase and decreases in current assets (i.e. revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for un-matured interest and principle on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The City considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The City considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the City to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The City applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with operation of these funds are included on the fund statement of Net Assets. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances based on the following classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed or unassigned. Restricted fund balances are amounts legally restricted by outside parties for use be a specific purpose. Commitments of fund balance require approval of the City Council through action. The City Council delegates the responsibility to assign fund balance to the City Manager or his designee, when appropriate. Funds will be utilized in the following spending order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

On October 1, 2012, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 63 Financial Reporting of Deferred outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and early implemented GASB Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities as encouraged by GASB. As a result of the adoption of these new accounting standards, a restatement of beginning net position at the government-wide level financial statement was required.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial guidance for reporting deferred outflows, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. Deferred outflows of resources are defined as a consumption of net assets by a government that is applicable to a future reporting period and deferred inflows of resources are defined as an acquisition of net assets by a government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Net position is defined as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position, being measured as the difference between (a) assets and deferred resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term "deferred" in financial statement presentations.

E. Fund Types and Major Funds

A. FUND ACCOUNTING

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

• The General Fund – The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

• Special Revenue Funds – The City accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the City or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The City has no special revenue funds.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- **Debt Service Funds** the City accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund. The City has no debt service fund.
- **Permanent Funds** The City accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that the principal may not be expended and where the income may only be used for purposes that support the City's programs. The City has no Permanent Funds.
- The Capital Projects Fund –This fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition of capital
 assets or construction of major capital facilities, not being financed by the proprietary funds. The City has no capital
 projects funds.

Proprietary Funds:

- Enterprise Funds The City's activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of
 providing the goods or services of those activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund. The City has no enterprise
 funds
- **Internal Service Funds** Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the City on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The City has not Internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds:

- **Private Purpose Trust Funds** The City accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principle and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the City. The City has no Private Purpose Trust Funds.
- **Agency Funds** The City accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The City has no Agency Funds.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Investments

Cash of all funds, including restricted cash, are pooled into common pooled accounts in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash accounts has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at month end. An individual fund's pooled cash are available upon demand and are considered to be "cash equivalents" when preparing these financial statements. All investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1, on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attachés to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

3. Delinquent Taxes Receivable

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Inventories

The inventories are recorded at cost and are accounted for by the consumption method.

H. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

I. Transactions between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and other funds.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded in historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives. The estimated lives rage from 5 to 15 years for furniture and equipment, 5 years for vehicles, 10 to 45 years for infrastructure, 20 to 45 years for water and sewer system assets, and 30 years for buildings.

Buildings30 YearsInfrastructure10-45 YearsVehicles5-10 YearsWater and Sewer System20-45 YearsMachinery and Equipment5-15 Years

K. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is a liability for unpaid accumulated vacation leave since the City does have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. As of September 30, 2017, there was no liability for compensated absences.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide, proprietary and component unit financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance cost are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method as the amount is immaterial against the effective interest method. Unamortized bond premium and discount, issuance cost and gain or loss on refunding are not netted against the liability, but recorded in the asset portion of the financial statements. In the fund financial statements, long-term liabilities are not recorded in the governmental funds as the payment of the obligations will not be made by current financial resources. The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt as other financing resources.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Restricted Assets

The proceeds and required reserves of debt issuances are recorded as restricted assets as they are restricted for debt service and/or capital projects, payments and /or purchases. When the City incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.

N. Net Position / Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available or are legally restricted by outsource parties for use for a specific purpose.

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates by management.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

I. Budgetary Data

The City Council adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement #34, a City is required to present the adopted and final amended budget revenues and expenditures for the General Fund. The City compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report is on page 27.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to October 1, the City prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the City Council is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance by the Council. Once a budget is approved, it can only be formally amended by approval of a majority of the members of the Council. Amendments are presented to the Council at its regular meetings.
- 4. Each amendment must have Council approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, and are reflected in the official minutes of the Council, and are not made after fiscal year end. The City has a policy of careful budgetary control, however during the year, no amendments were necessary.
- 5. Budget amounts are as amended by the Council. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

J. Excess of General Fund Expenditures below Appropriations

At September 30, 2017, The general fund total expenditures were above budget appropriations by \$592,414 and actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$295,315. Actual revenues for the year exceeded actual expenditures by \$313,831, after other financing sources.

Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

<u>Violation</u> <u>Action Taken</u> None Non-Applicable

Fund Balance

General fund had a surplus fund balance of \$57,184 due to excess of revenues over expenditures.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

General Fund's Fund Balance Policy

The City has adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year reporting. Implementation of GASB 54 was required for all cities for their fiscal year ending 2013. The intention of GASB 54 is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the City's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on the uses of those resources. GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable.

Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of these classifications are prepaid items and inventories. In addition to the nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on hierarchy of spending constraints.

- Restricted: fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government form its highest level of decision making
- authority. The responsibility to commit funds rests with the City Commissioners. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action.
- Assigned: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose.
- Unassigned: fund balances of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose.

When the City incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Deposits and Investments

The funds of the City must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investment) was \$529,875, while the bank balance was \$551,386. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2017 and during the year ended September 30, 2017 was entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

The Public Fund Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the City to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. The policy mist address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statures authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the City to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices a provided by the Act. The City is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and the local policies.

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks:

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

III. DETAILED NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rated will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk. To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments; the City requires that the investments shall be monitored by using specific identification.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the City limits investments to Certificates of Deposits, Public Funds Investment Pools and Guaranteed Investment Contracts, collateralized by U.S. Government Securities. As of September 30,2017, the City's investments were secured by the U.S. Government Securities.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by the depository insurance and the deposits and investments are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. At year end, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer, the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments maturity scheduling, and financial institutions. To further limit the risk all the City investments are collateralized by U.S Government Securities

Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk

B. Disaggregation of Receivables

Receivables for the City at September 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Accounts		Allowance for	
Governmental Funds	Receivable		Uncollectible	Total (Net)
Property Taxes	\$ 216,909	\$	14,552	\$ 202,357
Court Fines and Fees	686,814		343,407	343,407
Sales Taxes	69,010		-	69,010
Franchise Taxes	8,302		-	8,302
Grants and Other Receivables	 592,073		-	592,073
	\$ 1,573,108	\$	357,959	\$ 1,215,149

C. Deferred Inflows of Resources & Unearned Revenues

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the fund financial statements were as follows:

III. DETAILED NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (continued)

1. Deferred Inflows of Resources

	General	
Deferred Inflows Description	Fund	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 163,112	\$ 163,112
Court Fines	 366,231	366,231
Total	\$ 529,343	\$ 529,343
Total Deferred Inflows for Primary Gove	\$ 529,343	

2. Unearned Revenues

	General	
Unearned Revenues Description	Fund	Total
Urban County Grant	\$ 883,120	\$ 883,120
Total	\$ 883,120	\$ 883,120
		_
Total Unearned Revenues for Primary Go	\$ 883,120	

D. Interfund Balances

The City reports interfund balances between many of its funds. The total of all balances agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the statements of net position/balance sheets for governmental and enterprise funds. The interfund balances are operational and short-term in nature. Interfund balances at September 30, 2017 consisted of the following"

				Dı	ue from						
		General		General Economic			Crime	C	apital		
		Fund		Development		Prevention		Projects		-	Γotals
е Тс											
Due	General Fund	\$	-	\$	12,529	\$	14,611	\$	-	\$	27,140
	Economic Dev. Corp.		11,997		-		-		-		11,997
	Crime Prevention		181		-				-		181
	Total Governemental Funds	\$	12,178	\$	12,529	\$	14,611	\$	-	\$	39,318

III. DETAILED NOTES ON FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (continued)

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 was as follows:

Capital Assets		9/30/2016	2016 Additions		Reti	rements	9/30/2017
Land	\$	34,726	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 34,726
Construction in Progress(Restated)		450,711		532,305		-	983,016
Building		9,422		-		-	9,422
Machinery/Equipment		241,414		94,550		-	335,964
Accum Dep Building		(9,422)		-		-	(9,422)
Accum Dep Machinery/Equipment		(137,691)		(39,664)			(177,355)
Net Capital Assets	\$	589,160	\$	587,191	\$		\$ 1,176,351

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the governmental activities as follows:

	Dej	preciation		
Expenditures	By	By Function		
General Government	\$	22,546		
Public Safety		16,950		
Culture and Recreation		168		
Total Allocable Expenditures	\$	39,664		

F. Long Term Obligations

The following schedule summarizes the changes in long-term debt during year ended September 30, 2017

City of Sullivan Amortization Schedules for Long Term Debt

	Motorola Solutions, Inc				Deere Lease, Inc.					Total Lease Payables				
		Principal	Iı	nterest			Principal Interest		Principal			nterest		
Balance 9/30/16	\$	40,410	\$	-		\$	40,229	\$	-	\$	80,639	\$	-	
Financing Lease		-		-			-		-		-		-	
Payments		9,562		-			8,779		-		18,341		-	
Ending Balance 9/30/17		30,848		-	-		31,450		-		62,298		-	
2018		9,913		1,135			7,336		1,444		17,249		2,579	
2019		10,278		770			7,673		1,107		17,951		1,877	
2020		10,657		392			8,025		754		18,682		1,146	
2021		-		-	_		8,416		386		8,416		386	
	\$	30,848	\$	2,297	_	\$	31,450	\$	3,690	\$	62,298	\$	5,989	

Financing Lease –\$40,410 lease payable; due in annual payments of \$11,049, including interest, through June 2020; interest at 3.68%.

Financing Lease –\$40,229 note payable; due in annual payments of \$8,779; matures February 2021; interest at 4.5% **IV. OTHER INFORMATION**

G. Prior Period Adjustment

A prior period adjustment was needed in order to properly state the correct balance for account receivables for franchise taxes. The adjustment was made as follows:

Fund Level	
General Fund- Adjustment to correct amounts in accounts payables from prior years.	\$ 66,957
	\$ 66,957
Government Wide Level	
Government Wide-Adjustment to correct amounts in note payables from prior years.	\$ (73,991)
	\$ (73,991)

H. Urban County

The City of Sullivan City and other municipalities in Hidalgo County participate in Hidalgo County's "Urban County" Program. By being designated as an "Urban County," Hidalgo County and the participating cities are entitled to receive a formula share of entitlement CDBG program funds from U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

Monies received from HUD are allocated to the cities participating in the program based on agreed upon formulas. The County is responsible for the administration of the program and is ultimately responsible for including the grant activity related to the "Urban County Program" in its audit report (s) as per CDBG guidelines. All monies received from HUD on this program are handled by the County. The County pays the vendors or contractors directly for goods or services which benefit the different cities. The County also reimburses the cities for general administration cost incurred by those cities. The City received \$532,305 for expenses and improvements occurred between October 1, 2016 to September 30, 2017.

I. Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's legal counsel and management that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City at September 30, 2017.

J. Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Funds – The City has received federal and state funds as grants and other financial assistance. These funds must be spent only as allowed by the grant and other federal or state requirements. Also, the City must follow various laws and regulations when they receive these funds. If the City does not abide by these laws and regulations or does not spend the monies, as allowed under the grant agreements, the City may be required to return the grant monies, or portion thereof, to the granting agencies. The contingent liability, if any, that may be due to the federal and state agencies, cannot be readily determined.

K. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts, theft, damage, or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2017, the City has maintained general liability coverage at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with the governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML"). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. The city continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in commercial insurance coverage in the past fiscal year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

L. Subsequent Events

For the purposes of reporting subsequent events, management has considered events occurring up to June 27, 2018, the date the report was available to be issued. No further subsequent events were noted.

Required Supplementary Information Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

City of Sullivan City, Texas Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual **General Fund**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	_	Budgete Original	d Amo	unts Final		Actual Budget Basis	J	Variance Favorable Unfavorabl Final to
Revenues	_	g			_		_	
Property Taxes	\$	402,786	\$	402,786	\$	435,852	\$	33,066
Franchises Taxes		90,660		90,660		96,597		5,937
Sales Taxes		166,000		166,000		137,692		(28,308)
Intergovernmental		56,214		56,214		53,193		(3,021)
Permits and Fees		299,541		299,541		302,685		3,144
Fines and Forfeitures		345,000		345,000		333,865		(11,135)
Other Revenues		207,650		207,650		29,586		(178,064)
Other Governments-Urban County		-		-		532,305		532,305
Total Revenues		1,567,851		1,567,851		1,921,775		353,923
Other Financing Sources						, ,		,
Transfers from other funds		-		-		40,092		40,092
Total Revenues and Other						<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Financing Sources		1,567,851		1,567,851		1,961,867		394,015
Expenditures								
City Council		4,500		4,500		2,794		(1,706)
General Government		526,301		526,301		529,201		2,900
Public Safety		680,612		680,612		594,800		(85,812)
Municipal Court		232,940		232,940		225,330		(7,610)
Cemetary		4,032		4,032		1,517		(2,515)
Capital Outlay		119,466		119,466		532,305		412,839
Debt - Principal		40,029		40,029		17,249		(22,780)
Debt - Interest		-				1,487		1,487
Total Expenditures		1,607,880		1,607,880		1,904,682		295,315
Other Financing Uses								
Transfers to other funds		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures and Other								
Financing Uses		1,607,880		1,607,880		1,904,682		295,315
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and								
Other Sources Over Expenditures								
and Other Uses		(40,029)		(40,029)		57,184		98,699
Net Change in Fund Balance		(40,029)		(40,029)		57,184		98,699
Fund Balance-Septemebr 30, 2016		(264,598)		(264,598)		546,251		281,653
Prior Period Adjustment				-		(66,957)		(66,957)
Fund Balance- September 30, 2017	\$	(304,627)	\$	(304,627)	\$	536,478	\$	380,352



Certified Public Accountants

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Oscar R. González Melissa González

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council and City Manager of City of Sullivan City, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sullivan City, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Sullivan City, Texas's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered The City of Sullivan City, Texas's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sullivan City, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The City of Sullivan City, Texas's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. They are listed as items # 2016-1, #2016-2, and #2016-3.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The City of Sullivan City, Texas's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Sullivan City, Texas's Response to Findings

City of Sullivan City, Texas's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Sullivan City, Texas's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Oscar R. Gonzalez, CPA & Associates, PLLC

Cocar of Sprilly CPA & associates PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Pharr, Texas June 27, 2018

City of Sullivan City Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2017

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR RESULTS

I. Financial Statement Audit

- A. The auditor's report expressed an unqualified opinion on general purpose financial statements.
- B. Significant deficiencies disclosed during the audit of the general purpose financial statements. Items are listed as #2016-1, #2016-2 and, #2016-3
- C. No instance(s) of non-compliance material to the general purpose financial statements of City of Sullivan City, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing standards, was disclosed during the audit.
- D. City of Sullivan City did not qualify for a single audit within the context of OMB-Circular A-133 or the OMB-Uniform Guidance.

II. Financial Statement Findings

Schedule Reference: (2017-1) Closing of Financial Statements

<u>Criteria</u>: Controls relative to timely and accurate close-out of financial statements at year-end should be in place, in order to provide management and other third-party stakeholders with the necessary financial information to make appropriate decisions, and to ensure compliance with federal, state, and local reporting deadlines.

Condition: The City did not post various significant entries required at year-end. These entries impacted the balance sheet.

<u>Effect</u>: Timely and accurate financial statements in accordance with GAAP were not available during the year, and at year-end. As such, monitoring of budget versus actual activity in the expenditures incurred and revenues realized may have been compromised, as well as other key decision-making processed based on financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should review its internal controls relating to financial statement accounting and reporting to ensure that timely financial statements in accordance with GAAP are prepared and available for management use, as well as for audit purposes.

<u>Auditee's Response</u>: The City will review internal controls related this area and will make a recommendation to management. The contact number is 956-485-2828.

Schedule Reference: (2017-2) Fixed Assets

<u>Criteria</u>: A City's capital assets typically represent the entity's most significant assets and have a significant impact on financial statements.

<u>Condition</u>: A physical inventory of the City's capital assets has not been performed periodically. Additionally, subsidiary records for capital assets were not reconciled to the general ledger on a timely basis. This would include depreciation schedules.

<u>Effect</u>: The City's perpetual records for accounting for capital assets may not accurately reflect capital assets on hand and accumulated depreciation during the year and at year-end unless all pertinent record are updated accordingly.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should update perpetual records (general ledgers) to reflect the results of the physical inventory. Additionally, depreciation records should also be updated in order to allow for an accurate annual calculation.

<u>Auditee's Response</u>: The City will review internal controls related this area and will make a recommendation to management. The contact number is 956-485-2828.

Schedule Reference: (2017-3) Accounts Payable

<u>Criteria</u>: A City's accounts payables typically represent the entity's current obligations and have a significant impact on financial statements. Controls relative to produce a timely and accurate listing of accounts payable should be in place, in order to provide management and other third-party stakeholders with the necessary financial information to make appropriate decisions, and to ensure financial accountability.

<u>Condition</u>: Subsidiary records for accounts payables were not reconciled to the general ledger on a timely basis. This would include payment schedules for any settlement agreements.

<u>Effect</u>: The City's records for accounting for accounts payable may not accurately reflect amounts owed during the year and at year-end unless all pertinent records are updated accordingly.

Recommendation: The City should update vendor records (general ledgers) to reflect the results of the vendor balances.

<u>Auditee's Response</u>: The City will review internal controls related this area and will make a recommendation to management. The contact number is 956-485-2828.

City of Sullivan City, TX Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2017

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR RESULTS - PRIOR FISCAL YEAR

A. Financial Statement Findings – Prior Fiscal Year

Schedule Reference: (2017-1) Closing of Financial Statements

<u>Criteria</u>: Controls relative to timely and accurate close-out of financial statements at year-end should be in place, in order to provide management and other third-party stakeholders with the necessary financial information to make appropriate decisions, and to ensure compliance with federal, state, and local reporting deadlines.

Condition: The City did not post various significant entries required at year-end. These entries impacted the balance sheet.

<u>Effect</u>: Timely and accurate financial statements in accordance with GAAP were not available during the year, and at year-end. As such, monitoring of budget versus actual activity in the expenditures incurred and revenues realized may have been compromised, as well as other key decision-making processed based on financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should review its internal controls relating to financial statement accounting and reporting to ensure that timely financial statements in accordance with GAAP are prepared and available for management use, as well as for audit purposes.

<u>Auditee's Response</u>: The City will review internal controls related this area and will make a recommendation to management. The contact number is 956-485-2828.

Current Status: Not Corrected. Refer to current year findings.

Schedule Reference: (2016-2) Fixed Assets

<u>Criteria</u>: A City's capital assets typically represent the entity's most significant assets and have a significant impact on financial statements.

<u>Condition</u>: A physical inventory of the City's capital assets has not been performed periodically. Additionally, subsidiary records for capital assets were not reconciled to the general ledger on a timely basis. This would include depreciation schedules.

<u>Effect</u>: The City's perpetual records for accounting for capital assets may not accurately reflect capital assets on hand and accumulated depreciation during the year and at year-end unless all pertinent record are updated accordingly.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should update perpetual records (general ledgers) to reflect the results of the physical inventory. Additionally, depreciation records should also be updated in order to allow for an accurate annual calculation.

<u>Auditee's Response</u>: The City will review controls related this area and will make recommendation to management. The contact number is 956-485-2828.

Current Status: Not Corrected. Refer to current year findings.